

# Math 221 Sec 003 Quiz 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

You are to complete these questions in 15 minutes. No notes, calculators, or any other electronic devices are allowed.

Please show all working.

- Find the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt[3]{x}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt[3]{x} &= \sqrt{8+1} - \sqrt[3]{8} && \text{(direct substitution +1)} \\ &= 1 && \text{(correct answer +1)} \end{aligned}$$

- Find the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x-4}{x-2}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x-4}{x-2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2(x-2)}{x-2} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} 2 \\ &= 2 && \text{(cancellation +1, correct answer +1)} \end{aligned}$$

- Find the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{4-x^2}{|2-x|}$$

Solution:

If  $x > 2$ ,  $2-x < 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{4-x^2}{|2-x|} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{4-x^2}{-(2-x)} && \text{(negative +1)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(2-x)(2+x)}{-(2-x)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} -(2+x) && \text{(cancellation +1)} \\ &= -4 && \text{(correct answer +1)} \end{aligned}$$

4. Find the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 5} - 2}{x + 3}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 5} - 2}{x + 3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2 - 5} - 2)(\sqrt{x^2 - 5} + 2)}{(x + 3)(\sqrt{x^2 - 5} + 2)} && (\text{conjugate } +1) \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{(x + 3)(\sqrt{x^2 - 5} + 2)} \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(x + 3)(x - 3)}{(x + 3)(\sqrt{x^2 - 5} + 2)} \\&= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x - 3}{\sqrt{x^2 - 5} + 2} && (\text{cancellation } +1) \\&= \frac{-6}{4} \\&= -\frac{3}{2} && (\text{correct answer } +1)\end{aligned}$$